Surds

25 marks

1. Work out

$$\frac{\left(3-\sqrt{2}\right)\left(2+3\sqrt{2}\right)}{\sqrt{8}}$$

Give your answer in its simplest form.

(Total 3 marks)

2. Work out

$$\frac{(5+\sqrt{3})(5-\sqrt{3})}{\sqrt{22}}$$

Give your answer in its simplest form.

.....

(Total 3 marks)

3. (a) Express $\frac{6}{\sqrt{2}}$ in the form $a\sqrt{b}$, where a and b are positive integers.

.....

(2)

The diagram shows a right-angled isosceles triangle.

The length of each of its equal sides is $\frac{6}{\sqrt{2}}$ cm.



Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

(b) Find the area of the triangle. Give your answer as an integer.



.....

k =

- 4. (a) Write down the value of $8^{\frac{1}{3}}$
 - $8\sqrt{8}$ be written in the form 8^k
 - (b) Find the value of *k*.

(1) 2

(1)

 $8\sqrt{8}$ can also be expressed in the form $m\sqrt{2}$ where *m* is a positive integer.

5. (a) Rationalise

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{7}}$$

.....

(2)

(b) (i) Expand and simplify

 $(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{15})^2$

Give your answer in the form $n + m\sqrt{5}$, where *n* and *m* are integers.

.....



All measurements on the triangle are in centimetres.

ABC is a right-angled triangle. *k* is a positive integer.

Find the value of *k*.

(5) (Total 7 marks)

6. Write
$$\frac{\sqrt{18} + 10}{\sqrt{2}}$$
 in the form $p + q\sqrt{2}$, where p and q are integers.

